

Special Thanksgiving Edition

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The story of Thanksgiving is basically the story of the Pilgrims and their thankful community feast at Plymouth, Massachusetts. The Pilgrims, who set sail from Plymouth, England on a ship called the Mayflower on September 6, 1620, were fortune hunters, bound for the resourceful 'New World'.



The Mayflower was a small ship crowded with men, women and children, besides the sailors on board. Aboard were passengers comprising the 'separatists', who called themselves the "Saints", and others, whom the separatists called the "Strangers". The 102 passengers on the *Mayflower* were the earliest permanent European settlers in New England; some of their descendants have taken great interest in tracing their ancestry back to one or more of these Pilgrims.

After land was sighted in November following 66 days of a lethal voyage, a meeting was held and an agreement of truce was worked out. It was called the Mayflower Compact. The agreement guaranteed equality among the members of the two groups. They merged together to be recognized as the "Pilgrims." They elected John Carver as their first governor.

Happy Thanksgiving



Although Pilgrims had first sighted the land off Cape Cod, Massachusetts, they did not settle until they arrived at a place called Plymouth. It was Captain John Smith who named the place after the English port-city in 1614 and had already settled there for over five years. And it was there that the Pilgrims finally decided to settle. Plymouth offered an excellent harbor and plenty of resources. The local Indians were also non-hostile. Somehow they were saved by a group of local Native Americans who befriended them and helped them with food. Soon the natives taught the settlers the technique to cultivate corns and grow native vegetables, and store them for hard days. By the next winter they had raised enough crops to keep them alive. The winter came and passed by without much harm. The settlers knew they had beaten the odds and it was time to celebrate.

They celebrated it with a grand community feast wherein the friendly native Americans were also invited. It was kind of a harvest feast, the Pilgrims used to have in England. The recipes entail "corn" (wheat, by the Pilgrims usage of the corn, barley, pumpkins and peas, "fowl" (specially "waterfowl"), deer, fish. And yes, of course the turkey. However, the third year was real bad when the corns got damaged. Pilgrim Governor Bradford ordered a day of fasting and prayer, and rain happened to follow soon. To celebrate - of that year was proclaimed a day of thanksgiving. This date is believed to be the real present Thanksgiving Day.

Though the Thanksgiving Day is presently celebrated on the fourth Thursday of every President Franklin D. Roosevelt set this date in 1939 (approved by Congress in 1941). Earlier it was the last Thursday in November as was designated by the former President Abraham Lincoln. But sometimes the last Thursday would turn out to be the fifth Thursday of the month. This falls too close to the Christmas, leaving the businesses even less than a month's time to cope up with the two big festivals. Hence the change.



1. Where and when did the history of Thanksgiving originate? Introduce the cast of characters present and the role each individual played in the initial gathering.
2. What was the name of the ship the pilgrims traveled on?
3. Of the passengers on the previously mentioned ship, assume for a moment that there were three times as many men as women (9) and children (6), design and solve an equation illustrating how many of each group were aboard.
4. Approximately how many leap years have passed since this ship set sail?
5. In paragraph form, thoroughly explain the role of the Native Americans in the passage above.
6. In paragraph form, thoroughly explain the size of the ship as well as its occupants.
7. How many more days than weeks divided by months was the complete voyage?
8. Explain the Mayflower Compact in your own words.
9. Who was the first elected governor for the Pilgrims?
10. Where did the Pilgrims *finally* decide to settle?
11. Explain the role of the Native Americans upon meeting the settlers.
12. What date is believed to be the real beginning of the present Thanksgiving Day?
13. When do we always celebrate Thanksgiving?
14. Who established this date? When?
15. What had it been previously set?
16. Why a change in date since this is a historical event?
17. In paragraph form, list at least five things in your life that you are thankful for.
18. What is the probability of selecting a) vowel, b) consonant, c) capital letter, d) duplicate vowel, e) a number in the word Massachusetts?
19. Upon completion of this assignment, how far have we progressed through the 2007-08 series of The Daughtry Times? Express your answer as a fraction, decimal, and percentage.
20. As obtained from the passage above, in paragraph form, explain at least eight ways using the "Traditional Writing Guidelines and Checklist for Success" simplifies the paragraph writing process. Be specific.
21. As obtained from the passage above, in paragraph form, explain at least six ways using the "Preliminary Reading Guidelines and Checklist for Success" simplifies understanding of the material. Be specific.
22. In complete sentences, using contextual clues only, explain the meaning of the words: *lethal* and *truce*. Additionally, use each defined word in a sentence to demonstrate further comprehension.
23. In paragraph form, explain at least five legitimate and educational purposes behind The Daughtry Times.